

# The linear stability of the relative equilibria in the Coulomb $(n + 1)$ body problem

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## ABSTRACT

The linear stability of the relative equilibria of the Coulombic  $(n + 1)$ -body problem is studied. The  $n$  particles are the electrons having a charge of  $-1$  and the  $(n + 1)$ th particle is the nucleus having a positive charge  $Z$  equal to the atomic number. The mass of the nucleus is over three orders of magnitude greater than that of the electrons. Treating the  $n$  electrons as identical particles allows the introduction of symmetry variables. This block diagonalizes the Jacobian matrix and consequently factors the characteristic polynomial.